

Hope East does not submit information about past and present owls. Product and other biological features that have been studied at the Zootechnical-Veterinary Scientific-Monitoring Institute Georgia in the 70s. The following information is available on the basis of the information possible:

Buck Duck: a body with a perchodnymo-crown flower and a sheath with a perennial green perch; Имеет белую полосу (3-5) with the usual per day;

Mummy owl: «жаждущий», is a body full of crunchy mosaic pieces.

It is gentle, quiet, naked, and very crisp enough thunder.

In oboe sex, the basil is mostly blooming, and the crustaceans are serpentine.

Local congestion (after shelling in Beijing, Georgia) is a minor problem. Lifestyle mass weight (1.8-2.2) kg, and materiel - (1.3-1.5) kg. Ability to nail the polar abdomen with the ability to lower the jaw underneath..

The exterior and productivity of the local duck can be attributed to the egg breed. The average egg size is (50-70) pieces, and individual individuals give (80-100) single, (65-70) grams of white egg mass. They have a well-developed intuition of ducking almost - (50-60%), which is very important for housekeeping. The number of ducklings is (65-70%). Ducklings are characterized by high vitality; From the very first days, they naturally receive nutrients in the natural environment and grow rapidly. Fathers are monogamous, one cock has (2-4) mat duck. Food eggs have a good taste, which is mainly due to storage under natural conditions and food.

There was no organized duck farm in Georgia today. Consequently, its cultivation today is still spontaneously continuing. Currently, large ducks are more or less common throughout Georgia, but are mainly found in single-family farming areas - Samegrelo, Guria and Imereti. There is no reliable information about their number.

Wild ducks are migratory birds, distributed mainly in Asia and Europe. It is considered a waterfowl. Its live weight is 1.0-1.3 kg.

Ducks are scattered birds. There are 12 species of 8 genera in Georgia, most of which are found here in winter and winter. Some even nest on the shores of some inland waterways. In Georgia (Javakheti), nesting ducks include: red duck (*Casarca fruginea*), white duck (*Anas penelope*), wild duck (*Anas platyrhynchos*), red duck (*Netta rufinae*), khohora kurkumela (*Nyroca fuligata*).

Duck is one of the most widespread birds in the world, its domestication from wild duck (*Anas boschas*) occurred simultaneously in several countries.

According to Vahushti Bagrationi, ducks were raised in Georgia in the 17th century. They have tasty meat, they are tasty and fly. Ducks are migratory birds.

With the exception of Antarctica, ducks are widespread. They live in large numbers: Europe, Asia, Africa and XP In America. Their representatives: real ducks (*Anatinae*); Ducks (*Dendrocygninae*); motley Ducks (*Stictonettinae*); Ducklings (*Tadorninae*); White ducks (*Thalassorninae*) as well. Over 110 species are common.

Ducks belong to the duck family. There are birds of medium and large size. They swim and fly well. Real ducks have delicious meat. Weight varies from 250 to 2000 grams. The meat of quintessence and lower batasin.

Multiplication begins at the age of 2 years. Mother lays (7-16) one egg with a greenish-green tint. Incubation lasts 28 days. If the number of mothers decreases, fathers will breed by other species. They live (7-10) years.

The aforementioned breeds were especially popular among Peking ducks, besides Peking duck, musky (Mushkian,) ducks are widespread in our country. It is distinguished by its biological characteristics. Its

meat resembles a wild duck and is considered tender. It is distinguished by its incubation characteristics: if the incubation period of a Peking duck egg is 31 days, the incubation time of a duck-musk egg is 35 days. In addition to these two species, there are various duck populations in Georgia that are well adapted to local conditions.

Thus, the breeding of Peking and musk ducks is very cost-effective both on the farm (peasant) farm and on industrial farms since the duck in the short term provides meat of the highest and best taste.

alorie House duck, only meat. Chemical composition and nutritional value

THE NUTRITIONAL VALUE

Serving Size (g)

Content per serving% of normal

Calories	135 kcal	8.76%
Protein	18.3 g	19.89%
Fat	6 g	8.82%
Carbohydrates	0.9 g	0.64%
Dietary fiber	0 g	0%
Water	74 g	2.7%

USEFUL PROPERTIES DUCK HOME, MEAT ONLY

Domestic duck, only meat is rich in vitamins and minerals such as: vitamin B1 - 24%, vitamin B2 - 25%, vitamin B5 - 32%, vitamin B6 - 17%, vitamin B12 - 13.3%, vitamin PP - 26, 5%, phosphorus - 25.4%, iron - 13.3%, copper - 25.3%, selenium - 25.3%, zinc - 15.8%

What is useful domestic duck, only meat

- Vitamin B1 is part of the most important enzymes of carbohydrate and energy metabolism, providing the body with energy and plastic substances, as well as the metabolism of branched amino acids. A deficiency of this vitamin leads to serious disorders of the nervous, digestive and cardiovascular systems.
- Vitamin B2 is involved in redox reactions, enhances color susceptibility by the visual analyzer and dark adaptation. An insufficient intake of vitamin B2 is accompanied by a violation of the condition of the skin, mucous membranes, and a violation of light and twilight vision.
- Vitamin B5 is involved in protein, fat, carbohydrate metabolism, cholesterol metabolism, the synthesis of a number of hormones, hemoglobin, promotes the absorption of amino acids and sugars in the intestine, supports the function of the adrenal cortex. Pantothenic acid deficiency can lead to damage to the skin and mucous membranes.